

Upper School Timeline Studies A Five Year Cycle

of Integrated History, Science, and Cultural Studies

YEAR ONE:

The Timeline of Life on Earth

Astronomy: The Beginning of the Universe

The Big Bang and the first four minutes of the universe Discovery of the expanding universe

The Life Cycle of Stars

How elements are made in stars

Light Spectra

Galaxies, Stars and Planets

The planets of our Solar System

What causes the seasons?

What causes day and night?

Field Trip to the Hayden Planetarium

Earth Science: The Formation of Our Planet

The formation of the Earth and Moon

The Azoic Era - the first billion years

The Clock of Eras

Plate Tectonics - Earthquakes and Volcanoes

Forces of Wind and Rain - Erosion

The Rock Cycle

Igneous Rocks

Sedimentary Rocks

Metamorphic Rocks

Structure of Mineral Crystals

Field Trip to the Sterling Mines in Franklin, NJ.

Weather: The Forces that Shape Our Planet

Clouds

Cold and Warm Fronts

Weather Maps

The Water Cycle

Making it rain

Wind and Ocean Currents

Coriolis Force Topographic Maps

First Life - the Archeozoic Era

What is life?

Five characteristics

Understanding Viruses - some of the characteristics of life

Immunization - Pasteur

DNA

The structure of DNA - Watson and Crick

Isolating and spooling DNA

Models

Replication of DNA and RNA

Decoding the Human Genome

Genetics

Mendel's Law

Darwin and the Principle of Natural Selection

Dominant and Recessive Genes

The Proterozoic Era - One- Celled Life

Prokaryote Cells - Bacteria

Growing bacteria cultures

Disproving Spontaneous Generation - Pasteur's experiment

Eukaryote Cells

The cell nucleus

Plant and Animal Cells

Pond life - amoebas, euglena, hydra, paramecia, protozoa

YEAR TWO:

Multicellular Life, Humans, and Ancient Civilizations

Classifying Life: The Six Kingdoms

Genera and Species

Paleozoic Era -The Cambrian Period

Invertebrate life in the early seas Trilobites

Paleozoic Era - The Ordovician Period

Echinoderms

Mollusks

Paleozoic Era - The Devonian Period

Anatomy of Fish

Animals emerge from the sea and learn to walk Life Cycle of Amphibians

Paleozoic Era - The Carboniferous Period

Insect Life Cycles - Metamorphosis Early land plants - mosses, ferns, lichens Formation of fossil fuels

The Mesozoic Era - The Age of Reptiles

Dinosaurs

Triassic Period

Jurassic Period

Cretaceous Period

Flowering Plants

Botany studies; leaf classification

Tree growth

Photosynthesis

Cenozoic Era - The Age of Mammals and Birds

Primates and Early Humans

Monkeys, Apes, and other Primates

Australopithecus

Homo Erectus

Homo Habilis

Cro- Magnons and Homo Sapiens

Neolithic Culture (the "New Stone Age")

How humans satisfied their fundamental needs:

Shelter

Clothing - sewing and the invention of the needle

Food - Nomads, Gathering, Hunting Techniques

Defense - Stone tools

Spiritual - Lascaux Cave Paintings

Australian Aborigine Culture

Geography of Australia

The Ancient Near East

Agriculture begins in the Fertile Crescent

Sumer - the first cities

The Phoenicians

Babylon

Cuneiform writing

Code of Hammurabi Assyrian Empire Persian Empire Riches of Arabia Geography - the modern Middle East

Ancient Egypt

Irrigation and the Nile River Delta
Construction of the Pyramids
Book of the Dead - Egyptian Mythology
Hieroglyphic writing
Pharoahs
Scultpure
Papyrus
Geography: Modern Africa



Upper School TIMELINE STUDIES:

Year Three: The Classical World 2016-2017

ANCIENT GREECE

Minoans and Myceneans

Legend of the Minotaur

The Legend of Odysseus – The Iliad and The Odyssey

Archaeology of Troy

Geography: The Route of Ulysses

Greek Myths and Legends

And the evidence for them

Early Greeks - Achaeans and Dorians

Geography: Map of the Hellenic World Ionia

Greek City States

The Polis and forms of government Democracy, Oligarchy, Monarchy Solon – Law-giver of Athens

Life in Ancient Greece

Homes

Food and Dining

The Roles of Men and Women

Pottery

Ships and Trade

Coins

Navigation

Clothing

Music

Oracles

How Work Was Done – Social classes and slaves

Athletics – Olympics

The Greek Language

Word Roots in English The Greek Alphabet

The Persian Wars

Cyrus, Xerxes, and Darius

Persian Empire and Bureaucracy

Hoplite Warfare

Battle of Marathon

Thermopylae

Salamis

Pericles and the Golden Age of Athens

Pythagoras

Mathematics and Mysticism

Geometric theorem

Music – harmony and dissonance; ratios

Herodotus – Mapping his travels and tales

Drama

The Greek Theater

Aristophanes

Euripedes

Aeschylus

Philosophy

Socrates

Plato

Aristotle

Architecture

The Acropolis

The Parthenon

Pheidias the Sculptor

Atomic Theory

The Peloponnesian Wars

Government and Life in Sparta

Soldiers and Battles

Conquest of Athens

Alexander the Great

Battles and Conquests

Death

Division of Alexander's Empire

Hellenistic Culture

Archimedes

Screw

Lever

King Hiero's Crown; Density and Buoyancy

Astronomy

Mathematics

Center of Gravity

Eratosthenes measures the Earth

Hero's Hydraulics

Euclid

Field trip:

Metropolitan Museum of Art: Greek and Roman Galleries; Parthenon Frieze Model

Readings:

Oxford Children's Ancient History by Roy Burrell

Greek Legends: The Stories, The Evidence by Peter Connolly Archimedes and the Door of Science by Jeanne Bendick The Story of Science: Aristotle Leads the Way by Joy Hakim

The Legend of Odysseus by Peter Connolly

Tools of the Ancient Greeks: A Kid's Guide to the History and Science of Life in Ancient

Greece by Kris Bordessa Herodotus by Jeanne Bendick

THE ROMAN EMPIRE

The Founding of Rome

Legend of Romulus and Remus Legend of Aeneas and Queen Dido Early Kings Sabines and Etruscans

Horatius and the bridge

The Punic Wars

Carthage

Hannibal

Fighting on Land and Sea

Geography: Rome and her Neighbors

The City of Rome

Aqueducts

Baths

Temples

Private homes and apartment blocks

Shops

Nero's Golden House

The Roman Republic and its Fall

Republican system of government

Rich and poor

"Bread and circuses"

Sulla

Cicero

The Catiline Conspiracy

The Triumvirate: Crassus, Pompey and Caesar

Murder of Julius Caesar Octavian vs. Mark Antony

The Roman Empire

Early Emperors: Augustus, Tiberius, Caligula, Claudius, Nero

Expansion of the Empire

How the provinces were ruled

"I am a Roman citizen" - Caracalla creates universal citizenship

Geography: The Roman Empire

The Army – Life in the Roman Legions

Weapons and Tactics

Siege Engines

Marching Camps

Daily Life in the Empire

Pompeii

Food and Drink

Clothing

Education

Earning a living

Time and the Calendar

Roman Numerals

Arts in the Empire

Games and Gambling

Slavery and Freedom

Gladiators

Architecture:

The Amphitheatre

The Colosseum

The Circus Maximus

Engineering and Building Roman Roads

Roman Law

Roman Religion

The honour of a Roman

Christianity

The Fall of Rome

Barbarians

Alaric and the Sack of Rome

Constantine and the Byzantine Empire

Readings:

Oxford Children's Ancient History by Roy Burrell

Tools of the Ancient Romans: A Kid's Guide to the History and Science of Life in Ancient Rome by Rachel Dickinson



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YEAR FOUR:

From the Dark Ages to the Renaissance 2017-2018

The Dark Ages

Barbarians and the Fall of the Roman Empire

Religious beliefs Everyday life and warfare of Goths, Vandals, Huns, etc.

Vikings

Norse Mythology Ships, technology, and life in a Viking settlement Erik the Red, Leif Ericsson: Greenland and Newfoundland

Tales of King Arthur

Was there a real King Arthur?

The Norman Conquest

Linguistic impact – history of the English language Bayeux Tapestry

The Middle Ages

The Christian Religion

Roots in Judaism, Zoroastrianism, Mystery Religions Life of Jesus as told in the Gospels Development of the Catholic Church Important symbols in Medieval art

The Byzantine Empire

Constantine and Christianity

Churches and Cathedrals

Romanesque and Gothic architecture Building a cathedral: Gothic arches and flying buttresses

The Islamic Golden Age

The Beginnings of Islam – Life of Mohammed
Caliphs and Sultans
Arab Science and Mathematics
Translating Greek and Roman books into Arabic
Averroes and Aristotle
Islamic Spain – Granada and Cordoba

Medieval Warfare

Knights and Armor
Castles
A castle under siege
The Hundred Years' War
Visit to Medieval Times
Visit to the Metropolitan Museum – Medieval Armor collection

The Crusades

Saladin

The Feudal System

A medieval manor Lords Serfs Feudal obligations

Monasteries

The Life of a Monk Visit to the Cloisters, a medieval monastery

Pilgrimages

Relics and Reliquaries Canterbury Tales

Medieval Art

Stained Glass Illuminated manuscripts Visit to the Cathedral of St John the Divine - workshops

Medieval Medicine

Body humours Bloodletting Plague

Medieval People

Eleanor of Aquitaine King Alfred Charlemagne Joan of Arc Ivan the Terrible William the Conqueror

The Renaissance

Renaissance means Rebirth

The discovery of antiquity Humanists - Erasmus

Economic Changes

Towns and Market Fairs
The development of the bourgeoisie – merchants and craftsmen
Bankers

The Renaissance Prince

Machiavelli The Medicis

The Renaissance Church

Popes and Politics The Borgias

Leonardo da Vinci: Renaissance Man

Inventions Art

Michelangelo

Architect, Sculptor, Painter

Renaissance Art

Development of Perspective Techniques New subjects for painting and sculpture

Renaissance Science: Galileo

Optics

The telescope

Ptolemy vs. Copernicus: Does the Sun go around the Earth or vice versa?

The Law of Falling Bodies

Gutenberg and the Printing Press

The Elizabethan Age Queen Elizabeth Shakespeare and Elizabethan Theatre



Upper School Timeline Studies: Great Civilizations
A Five Year Cycle

of integrated History, Science, Technology, Art, Music, and Ideas

YEAR FIVE:

Exploration, Enlightenment, and the Industrial Revolution 2018-2019

The Age of Exploration

Explorers

Silks and Spices and the Silk Road
Marco Polo visits China
Portuguese Explorers find their way around Africa
Prince Henry the Navigator; Vasco da Gama; Bartolomeu Diaz
Columbus searches for a route to Asia across the Atlantic
The Spanish Conquistadors meet the Incas and Mayans
Balboa discovers the Pacific Ocean
Magellan circumnavigates the globe

Navigation and Map Concepts By compass and quadrant Life on a full-rigged sailing ship Latitude and longitude Map projections

The Reformation

Martin Luther and Protestantism Martin Luther The Catholic and Protestant Religions

Protestant Rebellions
Mary, Queen of Scots and Elizabeth I
King James I of England and Guy Fawkes
The Thirty Years' War - 1618-1648



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